Progeria:

Progress toward the Cure



What is Progeria?

(HGPS)

Progeria, also known as Hutchinston-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS), is a rare, fatal genetic condition of accelerated aging in children.

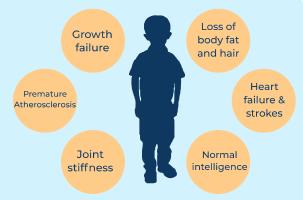


Without treatment, children with Progeria die of heart disease at an average age of 14.5 years.



1 in 18 million people have Progeria. As of April 2022, PRF knows of more than 130 cases in 50 countries.

Features



What causes Progeria?

A mutation in the LMNA gene creates a protein, called progerin, which makes the nucleus of a cell unstable and causes premature aging.







Progeria Nucleus

About The Progeria Reseach Foundation (PRF)

Mission

To discover treatments and the cure for Progeria and its aging-related disorders, including heart disease.

PRF'S Programs and Services



Research Funding



International **Patient Registry**



Clinical Trials



Cell & Tissue Bank



Treatment Guidelines Handbook



Diagnostic Testing





Public Awareness

